EMPTY CONTAINER HANDLERS 8 – 10 TONNES. **TECHNICAL INFORMATION KALMAR DCF80-100, E5-E8.**





THE RESULT OF A TECHNICAL EVOLUTION

Kalmar has for a long time been developing machines especially adapted to the handling of empty containers. Now we have brought our empty container handlers in to the new generation, the Kalmar F series – the technical platform that represents a major technical revolution in container handling.

The DCF80-100 is a high quality machine that allows you to move as many units as possible in the shortest amount of time in the most profitable way. In order to get the optimum balance of economy, lifting height and performance for each client, Kalmar offers a wide range of empty container handlers.

As for all Kalmar F series machines safety is a key factor. The DCF80-100 can provide the best everyday performance and at the same time reassure the safety of the personnel. The components are well-known and are often found in other Kalmar machines and have therefore been tested through an extended time and can provide the highest possible reliability.

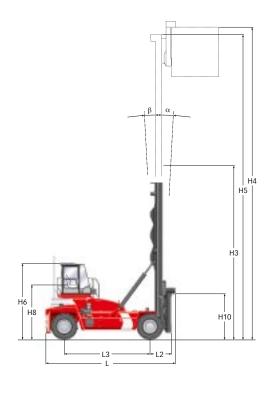
EFFICIENT AND RELIABLE

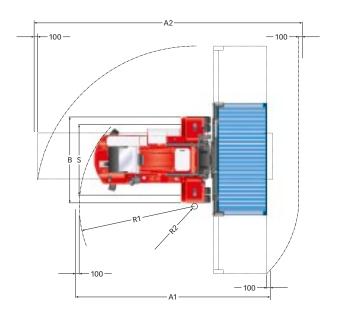
The design of the chassis, mast and spreader has resulted in a machine with very good dimensional, stability and operational characteristics. These combined allow the operator to focus on the task instead of the management of the machine.

Additionally, we have ensured that every single detail, component and system have been selected and manufactured to provide the highest possible reliability. When we deliver the machine we want to make sure that all aspects are factored in. Once produced all machines go through an extensive testing programme before they leave the factory in order to secure a high level of reliability.



| D | IMENSIONS | | | | | | | |
|---------|------------------------|--|--|----|-----|--|--|--|
| | Lift capacity | Rated | | | | | | |
| 20 | , , | Load centre L4 | | | | | | |
| LITTING | | Number of containers 8'6" container | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | Truck | 9'6" container Length of truck L | | | | | | |
| | | Width | | | | | | |
| | | Height, basic machine H6 | | | | | | |
| | | Seat height | | Н8 | mm | | | |
| | | Distance between centre of front axle | - front face of attachment | L2 | mm | | | |
| | | Wheelbase | | L3 | mm | | | |
| | | Track (c-c), front – rear | | S | mm | | | |
| | | Turning radius, outer | | | | | | |
| | | Turning radius, inner R2 | | | | | | |
| 2 | | Ground clearance, min. | | | | | | |
| | | Min, aisle width for 90° stacking with | 8'6" container | A1 | mm | | | |
| | | attachment | 9'6" container | A1 | mm | | | |
|) | Standard duplex mast | Lifting height | H4 | mm | | | | |
| | | Mast height, min. | | Н3 | mm | | | |
| | | Mast height, max. | | H5 | mm | | | |
| | | Mast tilting, forwards – backwards | Mast tilting, forwards – backwards α – β | | | | | |
| | | Ground clearance, min. | | | | | | |
| | Attachment | Width | | | | | | |
| | | Height under twistlock H10 | | | | | | |
| | | Height under hooks H10 | | | | | | |
| | | Sideshift ± V1 | | | | | | |
| | Service weight | | | | | | | |
| | Axle load front | | kg | | | | | |
| | | | | kg | | | | |
| | Axle load back | | kg | | | | | |
| | | kle load back Unloaded At rated load | | | | | | |
| 9 | Wheels/tyres | Туре | | | | | | |
| | | Dimensions, front – rear | | | | | | |
| | | Number of wheels, front – rear (*driven) | | | | | | |
| | | Pressure | | | | | | |
| | Steering system | Pressure Mpa Type – manoeuvring | | | | | | |
| | Service brake system | Type – affected wheels | | | | | | |
| | Parking brake system | Type – affected wheels | | | | | | |
| | Hydraulic pressure | Max. | | | Мра | | | |
| | Hydraulic fluid volume | | | | 1 | | | |
| 2 | Fuel volume | | | | | | | |





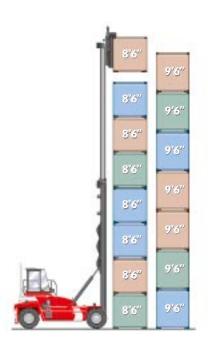
| | | DCF8 | 30-45 | | DCF90-45 | | | | DCF100-45 | | | |
|----------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| | E 5 | E6 | E7 | E8 | E 5 | E6 | E7 | E8 | E 5 | E6 | E7 | E8 |
| | 8000 | 8000 | 8000 | 8000 | 9000 | 9000 | 9000 | 9000 | 10000 | 10000 | 10000 | 10000 |
| | 1220 | 1220 | 1220 | 1220 | 1220 | 1220 | 1220 | 1220 | 1220 | 1220 | 1220 | 1220 |
| | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 5+1 | 6+1 | 7+1 | 8+1 |
| | 5 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 5+1 | 5+1 | 6+1 | 7+1 |
| | 6900 | 6900 | 6900 | 6900 | 6900 | 6900 | 6900 | 6900 | 6900 | 6900 | 6900 | 6900 |
| | 4000 | 4000 | 4000 | 4500 | 4000 | 4000 | 4000 | 4500 | 4500 | 4500 | 4500 | 4500 |
| | 3940 | 3940 | 3940 | 3940 | 4000 | 4000 | 4000 | 4000 | 4000 | 4000 | 4000 | 4000 |
| | 2800 | 2800 | 2800 | 2800 | 2900 | 2900 | 2900 | 2900 | 2900 | 2900 | 2900 | 2900 |
| | 1170 | 1170 | 1170 | 1170 | 1170 | 1170 | 1170 | 1170 | 1240 | 1240 | 1240 | 1240 |
| | 4550 | 4550 | 4550 | 4550 | 4550 | 4550 | 4550 | 4550 | 4550 | 4550 | 4550 | 4550 |
| | 3270 – 2250 | 3270 – 2250 | 3270 – 2250 | 3750 – 2250 | 3270 – 2250 | 3270 – 2250 | 3270 – 2250 | 3750 – 2250 | 3750 – 2250 | 3750 – 2250 | 3750 – 2250 | 3750 – 2250 |
| | 6000 | 6000 | 6000 | 6200 | 6200 | 6200 | 6200 | 6200 | 6200 | 6200 | 6200 | 6200 |
| | 2000 | 2000 | 2000 | 2200 | 2200 | 2200 | 2200 | 2200 | 2200 | 2200 | 2200 | 2200 |
| | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 300 | 300 | 300 | 300 | _ | - | 300 | 300 |
| | 10000 | 10000 | 10000 | 10000 | 10000 | 10000 | 10000 | 10000 | 10000 | 10000 | 10000 | 10000 |
| | 14000 | 14000 | 14000 | 14000 | 14000 | 14000 | 14000 | 14000 | 14000 | 14000 | 14000 | 14000 |
| | 15180 | 16180 | 18680 | 21180 | 15240 | 16240 | 18740 | 21240 | 15300 | 16300 | 18800 | 21300 |
| | 8540 | 9040 | 10290 | 11540 | 8600 | 9100 | 10350 | 11600 | 8600 | 9100 | 10350 | 11600 |
| | 15040 | 16040 | 18540 | 21040 | 15100 | 16100 | 18600 | 21100 | 15100 | 16100 | 18600 | 21100 |
| | 3 – 3 | 3 – 3 | 3 – 3 | 3 – 3 | 3 – 3 | 3 – 3 | 3 – 3 | 3 – 3 | 3-3 | 3 – 3 | 3 – 3 | 3 – 3 |
| | - | - | _ | _ | _ | - | - | _ | _ | - | _ | - |
| | - | _ | _ | _ | _ | - | - | _ | - | - | _ | - |
| | 2180 | 2180 | 2180 | 2180 | 2240 | 2240 | 2240 | 2240 | - | - | - | - |
| | - | - | - | _ | _ | - | - | - | 2300 | 2300 | 2300 | 2300 |
| | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 600 |
| | 36450 | 37100 | 38725 | 40350 | 37300 | 37950 | 39575 | 41200 | 40100 | 40750 | 42375 | 44000 |
| | 23900 | 24550 | 26175 | 27800 | 24100 | 24750 | 26375 | 28000 | 25600 | 26250 | 27875 | 29500 |
| | 36050 | 36700 | 38325 | 39950 | 37700 | 38450 | 40075 | 41700 | 40800 | 41550 | 43175 | 44800 |
| | 12550 | 12550 | 12550 | 12550 | 13200 | 13200 | 13200 | 13200 | 14500 | 14500 | 14500 | 14500 |
| | 8400 | 8400 | 8400 | 8400 | 8500 | 8500 | 8500 | 8500 | 9200 | 9200 | 9200 | 9200 |
| | | Pneu | matic | | Pneumatic | | | | Pneumatic | | | |
| | | 12.00×24 - | - 12.00×24 | | 14.00×24 – 14.00×24 | | | | 14.00×24 – 14.00×24 | | | |
| | 4* - 2 | 4* - 2 | 4* - 2 | 4* - 2 | 4* - 2 | 4* - 2 | 4* - 2 | 4* - 2 | 4* - 2 | 4* - 2 | 4* - 2 | 4* - 2 |
| | 1,0 | 1,0 | 1,0 | 1,0 | 1,0 | 1,0 | 1,0 | 1,0 | _ | - | 1,0 | 1,0 |
| | Servo assisted – Steering wheel | | | | Servo assisted – Steering wheel | | | | Servo assisted – Steering wheel | | | |
| | Wet disc brakes – Drive wheel | | | | Wet disc brakes – Drive wheel | | | | Wet disc brakes – Drive wheel | | | |
| Spring brake – Drive wheel | | | | Spring brake – Drive wheel | | | | Spring brake – Drive wheel | | | | |
| | 19,0 | 19,0 | 19,0 | 19,0 | 20,0 | 20,0 | 20,0 | 20,0 | 22,5 | 22,5 | 22,5 | 22,5 |
| | 320 | 320 | 320 | 320 | 320 | 320 | 320 | 320 | 320 | 320 | 320 | 320 |
| | 380 | 380 | 380 | 380 | 380 | 380 | 380 | 380 | 380 | 380 | 380 | 380 |

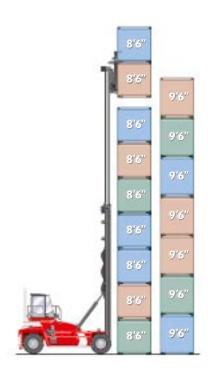
PROTECTIVE AND SAFE WITH TOTAL CONTROL

The lifting equipment of Kalmar DCF is an integrated assembly consisting of mast, carriage, spreader, hydraulics and control system. This is to ensure you get a reliable and good running machine with high availability even after long shifts and high load stresses.

To leverage operational productivity it's essential that the driver has full control over every moment of the handling sequence. The open design of the mast optimises the visual contact with the stack, container corners, twistlock and spreader

Lifting as much as 8+1 high puts high demands on sturdiness of the equipment. Stronger dimension on the tilting cylinders and with the top section threaded into the cylinder creates a robust lifting equipment.





SINGLE AND DOUBLE STACKING

Kalmar has developed empty container handling concepts for both single- and double stacking for different lifting heights. Our DCF Empty range stretches from a capacity of 5 high up to 8+1 high. The decision on which concept is most suitable is depending on individual operational demands.

The open design of the mast optimises the visual contact with the stack, container corners, twistlocks and spreader.

SINGLE STACKING WITH TWISTLOCKS

The single handling concept starts at 5 high stacking and up to 8 high. Characteristic for the machines dedicated for single stacking is flexibility, stability and high lifting speeds.

Twistlock attachments are widely used on many Kalmar machines over the globe.

High demands on selectivity and limitations in ground space are the key factors when considering on single stacking equipment.

DOUBLE STACKING WITH HOOKS

Double stacking of containers is an important step in increasing the productivity in the empty container handling business. Double stacking can be a very demanding application for the Empty Container Handler. The new DCF100 model from Kalmar fulfils these high requirements of stability and strength with margin. Stacking two containers simultaneously is most of all a question of extreme demands of operational efficiency before demands on selectivity.

MAST

All machines in the DCF80-100 series are equipped with the sturdy 10 tonne mast, designed according to the free visibility principle. The mast profiles are made of high tensile steel, designed for minimal obstruction of the field of vision and for long service life with minimal defection at high lifting heights.

The mast is made for high reliability and simple maintenance. It requires only two hoses and one cable passing over the mast roller to feed the hydraulic and electrical functions of the spreader.

CARRIAGES

Two integrated carriages are available. Which one you choose depends on if the spreader is landing from above (twistlocks) or from the front side of the container (hooks). All carriages have support wheels to bear longitudinal stresses and sliding plates for lateral stresses.

The choise of carriages, is depending on the handling type, singel or double stacking. Singel with mechanical levelling and hydraulic levelling for double stacking, Available as an option is a carriage with hydraulic leveling for twistlocks.

The fixed carriage for attachment with twistlocks has mechanical levelling as standard and hydraulic as option. The hook attachment has a hydraulic levelling.



Carriage with passive levelling, standard on DCF80-90 for singel stacking



Carriage with mechanical levelling, available as option on DCF80-90 for single stacking.



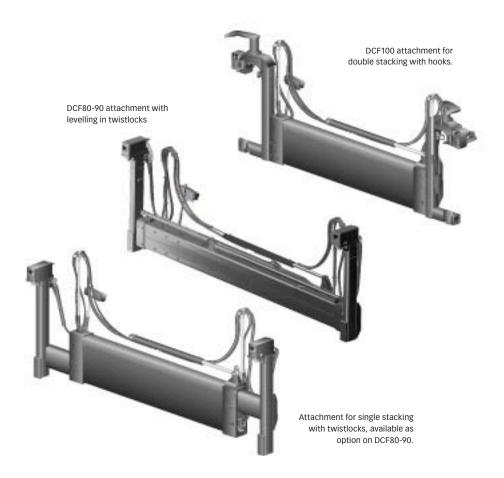
Carriage with hydraulic levelling. Standard on DCF100 for double stacking and option on DCF80-90 for single stacking

ATTACHMENTS

DCF80-90 are equipped with twistlock attachments. DCF100 is equipped with a C-hook attachment for double stacking. Both the hook and twistlock attachments have a hydraulic cylinder between the attachment and the carriage that allows ±600 mm side-shift.

The levelling function on the twistlock attachment is enabled by the mobility on each twistlock. This gives a simpler construction which offers increased reliability and easier servicing.

The locking- and unlocking procedure is made easier through individual monitoring of the twistlocks. To guarantee good visibility when handling the containers in dark conditions the working light is placed on the mast directed towards the twistlock, independent of the spreader extension.



ENGINEERED TO OPTIMISE PERFORMANCE

A key factor for productivity is the basic machine setup. We have put highest priority on overall technical reliability and how the components comes together, all functions must perform optimally even after heavy use.

11 CHASSIS

The chassis creates the base for the machine's external dimensions, stability and manoeuvre characteristics. All chassis are built of fully welded steel profiles, which give a rigid design with strong mounting points for the drive axle and lift equipment. Stress concentrations have been eliminated for optimum tensile strength.

The chassis has a low profile for good visibility. The tanks are separately mounted and bolted to the chassis in a position that also contributes to good visibility. The cabin on each model is located for best visibility. The DCF80-100 series come in two different versions regarding the cabin position. Depending on market requirements the machines can be delivered with standard cabin height position or as an elevated version. This decision is depending on individual operational requirements.

ENGINE

The Cummins and Volvo engines provide power for driving and the working hydraulics. The engines are low-emission turbo diesels with fuel injectors and intercoolers. The design of the combustion chambers, along with the precise fuel injection control, ensures more efficient combustion to provide lower emissions with increased torque and power. The engines meet the Tier 3 requirements, and the sound and vibration standards.

The radiator is a 3 chamber design with a single fan to provide cooling for the engine and transmission. The engine cooler's separate expansion chambers are fitted with a level sensor that indicates low coolant level.

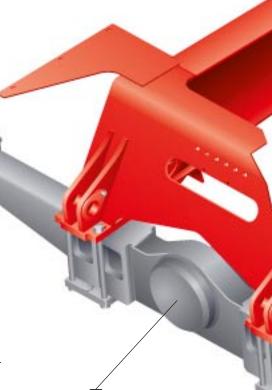


3 TRANSMISSION

The transmission is electronically controlled in the DCF. It transfers power from the engine to the hydraulic pumps and drive line. The engine and gearbox control systems work together to find the optimum balance between power and fuel economy at any given time. The transmission system consists of a torque converter and a gearbox. The gearbox is automatic, but can partly be shifted manually.

4 DRIVE LINE

The propeller shaft and drive axle transfer the power from the transmission to the driving wheels. The mountings on the propeller shaft are fitted with cross-flanges for optimum strength. The drive axle gears down in two stages, differential and hub reduction. The engine provides maximum torque at the drive wheels, which spares the transmission.



5 STEERING SYSTEM

The steering axle is built from a single piece of high strength steel, which means fewer parts requiring less maintenance and higher structural integrity. The suspension points on the steering axle are maintenance free. The hydraulics that feed oil to the steering cylinder is optimised for enhanced driving feel. The orbitrol and the priority valve jointly provide gentle, yet precise, steering movements.



The new Kalmar machines have, like its predecessors, the smooth, reliable and almost maintenance-free wet disc brakes. A temperature transmitter in the brake oil tank regulates the cooling fan.

The foot-brake valve, which controls the oil feed to the brakes, is sensitive enough so that the driver can brake optimally yet gently. The parking brake is activated automatically when the ignition is turned off.

WHEELS AND TYRES

Tyres are an important cost factor to consider when improving operational performance. Therefore, all models use identical sizes on both drive and steer wheels. This improves the machine stability, comfort and reliability and requires only one single spare tyre.

DRIVE TRAINS AND PERFORMANCE

| DDIVE TO A INC | B0500 400 | | | Standard | Option | |
|--|--|-----------------------|-----|---|--|--|
| DRIVE TRAINS | 5 - DCF80-100 | | V | olvo TAD760VE with Dana TE17000 | Cummins QSB6,7 with Dana TE17000 | |
| Engine | Manufacturer – type designation | | | Volvo – TAD760VE (Turbo-Intercooler) | Cummins – QSB6,7 (Turbo-Intercooler) | |
| | Fuel – type of engine | | | Diesel – 4-stroke | Diesel – 4-stroke | |
| | Rating ISO 3046 – at revs kW/rpm | | | 180 – 2200 | 164 – 2200 | |
| | Peak torque ISO 3046 – at revs Nm-rpm | | | 1100 – 1500 949 – 15 | | |
| | Number of cylinders – displacement cm ³ | | 3 | 6 – 7150 | 6 – 6700 | |
| | Fuel consumption, normal driving I/h | | | 13-15 | 13-15 | |
| Gearbox | Manufacturer – type designation | | | Dana – TE17000 | Dana – TE17000 | |
| 5 | Clutch, type | | | Torque converter | Torque converter | |
| 20 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 0 | Gearbox, type | | | Powershift | Powershift | |
| | Numbers of gears, forward – reverse | | | 3-3 3-3 | | |
| Alternator | Type – power | W | | AC - 1920 | AC - 1680 | |
| Starting battery | Voltage – capacity | V - | Ah | 2×12 - 140 | 2×12 – 140 | |
| Driving axle | Manufacturer – type | Manufacturer – type | | | Kessler – Differential and hub reduction | |
| Noise level | LpAZ (inside*) Sprit Delta | dB(| (A) | 70 | 70 | |
| | LwA (outside**) | LwA (outside**) dB(A) | | _ | - | |

| Р | ERFORMANCE – VOLVO TAI | D760VE WITH D | ANA TE17000 | DCF80-45 | DCF90-45 | DCF100-45 | |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|---------------|----------|----------|-----------|---------|
| | Lifting speed | unloaded | | m/s | 0,65 | 0,65 | 0,65 |
| 1 | | at 70% of rated load | | m/s | 0,45 | 0,45 | 0,45 |
| 1 | Lowering speed | unloaded | | m/s | 0,55 | 0,55 | 0,55 |
| l . | | at rated load | | m/s | 0,60 | 0,60 | 0,60 |
| an o | Travelling speed, forward – reverse | unloaded | | km/h | 29 – 29 | 30 – 30 | 30 – 30 |
| Į Ĕ | | at rated load | | km/h | 25 – 25 | 27 – 27 | 27 – 27 |
| Performance | Gradeability | Max. | unloaded | % | 39 | 29 | 29 |
| - | | | at rated load | % | 32 | 23 | 23 |
| 1 | | At 2 km/h | unloaded | % | 31 | 24 | 24 |
| 1 | | | at rated load | % | 26 | 19 | 19 |
| | Drawbar pull | Max. | | kN | 144 | 127 | 127 |

| P | ERFORMANCE – CUMMINS | QSB6,7 WITH | DANA TE17000 | DCF80-45 | DCF90-45 | DCF100-45 | |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|----------------------|---------------|----------|----------|-----------|---------|
| | Lifting speed | unloaded | | m/s | 0,65 | 0,65 | 0,65 |
| | | at 70% of rated load | | m/s | 0,45 | 0,45 | 0,45 |
| | Lowering speed | unloaded | | m/s | 0,55 | 0,55 | 0,55 |
| d) | | at rated load | | m/s | 0,60 | 0,60 | 0,60 |
| ance | Travelling speed, forward – reverse | unloaded | | km/h | 29 – 29 | 30 – 30 | 30 – 30 |
| Performance | | at rated load | | km/h | 25 – 25 | 27 – 27 | 27 – 27 |
| erfc | Gradeability | Max. | unloaded | % | 38 | 28 | 28 |
| Δ. | | | at rated load | % | 32 | 22 | 22 |
| | | At 2 km/h | unloaded | % | 30 | 23 | 23 |
| | | | at rated load | % | 26 | 18 | 18 |
| | Drawbar pull | Max. | Max. | | 140 | 122 | 122 |

EXCELLENT OPERATOR COMFORT

To obtain the maximum out of your investment, you can never underestimate the importance of the drivers' working environment.

High productivity requires full driver concentration and efficiency to keep up handling speed, but also to avoid accidents causing injuries and costly damages. This is what ergonomics is all about. Comfort and awareness.

The F-generation cabin, the efficient Spirit Delta, offers excellent driver comfort with large display field on the instrument panel, generous glass surfaces that enable allround visibility and low levels of noise and vibration.

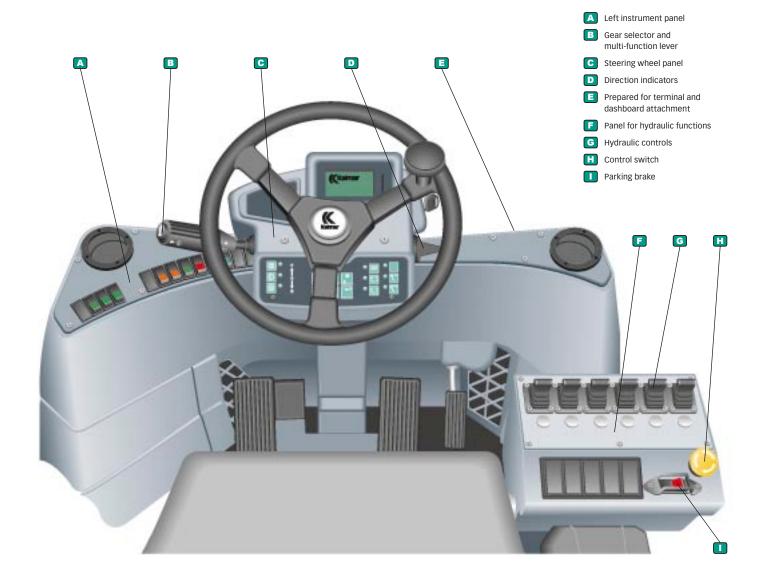
We focus on four important ergonomic areas:

- Operation
- Visibility
- Sound and vibrations
- Climate

The result is a cabin where everything is optimised to improve driver performance Consider this:

- Individually adjustable controls (minilevers as standard or joystick as option), steering wheel and seat.
- Intuitively positioned instruments.
- Switches and buttons with lights.
- · Comfort pedals.

- · Electronic accelerator.
- · Central operation/warning display.
- Separately suspended and isolated cabin.
- Shock absorption to minimise vibrations.
- Maximum sound level inside is 70 dB (A).
- Generous interior dimensions and floor space.
- Optimised visibility 360° all around.
- Electronically controlled heating/ ventilation.
- Filters for fresh air and recirculation.
- High performance air conditioning system, optional.
- Pollen filter, optional.



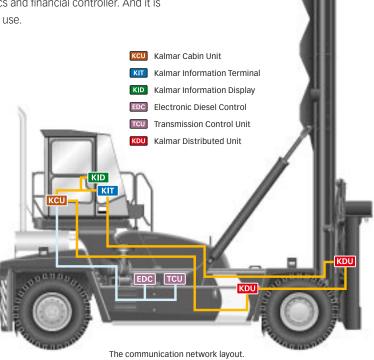
9

THE SIMPLE WAY TO REACH NEW LEVELS OF UTILISATION

All vehicles today – cars, highway trucks, wheel-loaders, cranes etc – are designed with more and more sophisticated components and systems.

Each part interacts closely with the others and to reach the full potential requires computer assistance. This built-in intelligence is designed to support and leverage your handling operations, not confuse it.

The new Kalmar series possesses a well proven, thoroughly tested and optimised control system, which supports your driver, mechanics and financial controller. And it is simple to use.



A WELL-DISTRIBUTED CONTROL SYSTEM.

Two things are needed for a command initiated by the driver to result in a particular function, or for several functions to work together: power supply and communication. The power-feed supplies the machine's electrical or electro-hydraulic functions with voltage. The communication system controls and checks that the functions have been activated, waits in standby mode or indicates faults.

COMMUNICATION

The distributed power-feed and communication network consists of electrical components and a microcomputer-based system for controlling and monitoring the functions.

The most important components in the network are the control units (nodes).

They distribute control of the machine's functions. Each node has its own processor. The nodes integrate with each other and all communication; control signals and signal information are sent via data buses.

The nodes transmit their signals in messages on the network. Each message contains several signals and has its own address. Any units that need to know the status of a signal listen out for the address of the signal's message. All the nodes in the network listen to each other.

CAN-bus is a two-wire transfer of data and a definition of a bus type. CAN-bus technology has been chosen because it provides a reliable, robust transfer of data and is difficult to disrupt. CAN-bus loops have been used in Kalmar machines since 1995. The greatest benefit of using CAN-bus technology is that the amount of cabling can be reduced. All that is needed to establish communication are two data-bearing leads and two leads for feeding the nodes' processors. The network loop for both the CAN-bus and the nodes' processor feed are redundant.

The Kalmar Cabin Unit (KCU) is the control node for the entire network. There are several nodes, called KDUs (Kalmar Distribution Units), in the network. Each node is positioned near to the functions it is designed to deal with.

The Transmission Control Unit (TCU), which is the gearbox node, deals with the gearbox. The unit is connected in a separate CAN-bus loop with the EDC engine node (Engine Diesel Control) and KCU. The engine node controls the fuel injection and receives its control signals from its own transmitters on the engine.

POWER SUPPLY

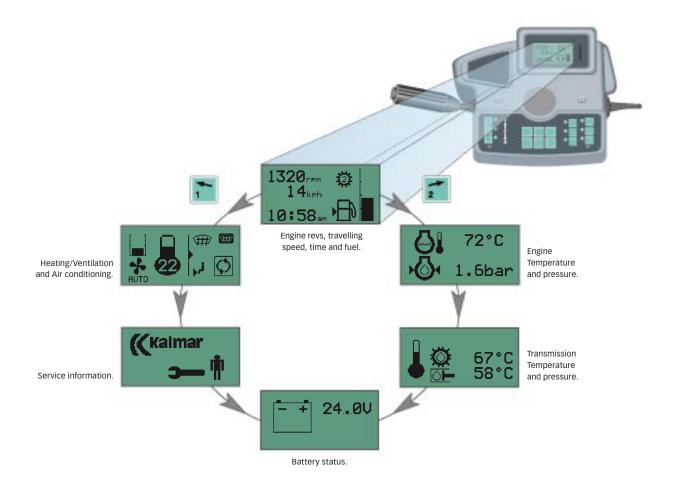
Power-feed for the functions differ from the feed required for communication and feeding of the nodes' processors. Each distribution unit (node) in the distributed network is fed voltage from one of the power distribution boxes. The distribution boxes are located inside the cabin and on one side of the frame. The distribution units (nodes) guide power from the distribution box to the required functions based on the instructions in the messages from the communication network.

CONTROL FUNCTIONS SUPPORT THE DRIVER.

The driver and machine communicate very simply via the Kalmar Information Terminal (KIT) and the Information Display located right in front of the driver in the cabin. The two-way communication – from the driver to the machine and opposite – is handled by the KCU (Kalmar Cabin Unit) which is the control node for the entire network. Information to the driver comprises alarm warnings, operating details and action guided information. Messages, status, fault indications etc are presented on the Information Display (KID), while warnings and other monitoring indications are presented to the left.

Messages are only presented when they are relevant to the driver and the operation. The driver can focus on the job instead of checking meters and indicators.





SUPERIOR AVAILABILITY ENSURES YOUR INVESTMENT IS PROFITABLE

To understand the full potential of your investment requires being aware of the details, features and technical matters in a machine like the new Kalmar. But when it comes to availability it is critical that it operates constantly and is kept in good condition with an absolute minimum of maintenance and repairs.



FEWER STOPS FOR PLANNED MAINTENANCE.

The service intervals have been extended to 500 hours. The DCF is designed for fast daily inspection and preventive maintenance. All checkpoints are easy accessible and concentrated to specific locations.

Lubrication free components or central lubrication points have been utilised. The wet disc brake system is practically maintenance free. The indicator and monitoring support built into our control system make sure that the machine won't be misused or maintained incorrectly. The driver and mechanics will always get indications and guidance in time to avoid unnecessary and costly wear and tear or technical breakdowns. No unwanted stops.

A SAFE COMMUNICATION NETWORK.

The control and monitoring system, the redundant CAN-bus system is proven to be excellent in functionality and reliability. The network of control nodes allows for less wiring and connectors which reduces the number of sources of error.

The power-feed for each node and the transfer of control signals are independent of the other nodes, which means the risk of disruption becomes minimal. The redundant design means that there are always two paths to choose to maintain communication, which results in extra safety and reliability.

RELIABILITY BEGINS AT THE CONCEPT STAGE.

One of the guiding principles in designing the DCF was to minimise the number of potential sources of error. Therefore the machines consist of as few components and moving parts as possible. The functionality and operational reliability is assured by extensive testing.



All hydraulic hoses are fitted with ORFS-couplings.

THE HYDRAULIC SYSTEM IS CRITICAL.

No other part of the machine is working so hard under continuous pressure. To secure the reliability we have minimised the number of hydraulic components and couplings.

To ensure optimum oil pressure and security regardless of the handling operation the hydraulic system is based on three variable pumps – one for the brake system, cooling and filtering, one for working hydraulics and one supporting both steering and working hydraulics.

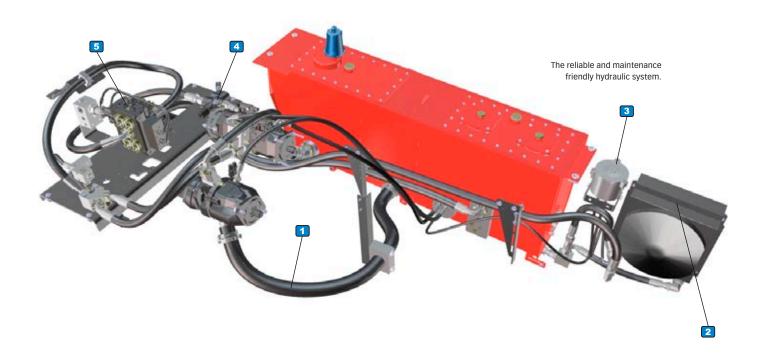
The distribution of pressure between working hydraulics and steering is done by the priority valve which ensures that the

steering always receives enough pressure. The hydraulic oil pump for load handling is disconnected during forward driving, to use the engine power to best effect.

All three pumps interact together, using the same oil tank and filters, which are located inside the tank. The system is equipped with one oil cooler and a separate fan to

secure the right oil temperature, to match the hydraulic brake heat generation as well as feeding the overall system during tough handling cycles.

Oil supply and temperature control is handled through Kalmar's distributed control system. All indications are presented when appropriate on the Kalmar Information Display (KID) in the cabin.



OTHER IMPROVING FEATURES:

- 1 The large dimensions of hydraulic hoses improves the hose's lifetime (slower flow, less friction and less heating).
- Thermostatic cooling improves the oil lifetime (temperature control, optimised working temperature).
- 3 High density filter improves the oil lifetime (clean oil).
- 4 ORFS leak proof couplings all around improves reliability (minimises leakage).
- 5 All main hydraulic components at ground level are gathered on a separate plate, bolted to the chassis and therefore simple to remove.

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921524-0951/090615 KST Råd & Resultat We reserve the right to change the design and technical data without prior notice. Tolerances according to K-standard 95430.0008/0009

FOUR REASONS TO CHOOSE KALMAR.

1 / COST OVER LIFETIME

Kalmar offers the best cost over lifetime for its customers. Modern and innovative technology together with lasting equipment and comprehensive service ensures Kalmar increases its customers' productivity. Every day.



2 / GLOBAL NETWORK

Kalmar invests in its sales and service network. Thus Kalmar is a reliable and trustworthy supplier with ability to serve demanding customers.



3 / LOCAL SERVICE

Kalmar practises innovative service development. Because of Kalmar's local customer service strategy, Kalmar knows its customers' local conditions, and can provide efficient and effective service in every location.



4 / CONTINUOUS DEVELOPMENT

Kalmar has not stopped at the top, but continuously improves its offering. New services as well as investments in automation and environmentally friendly solutions work for our customers benefit.



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