Hazard Register



Type CIRCULAR SAW

Location

Make

1967

Model -

Sale Number Lot Number

Serial Number

ID	Hazard Type	Hazard Description
142961.1	Mechanical	POWER SUPPLY TO THE PLANT MUST BE ISOLATED, DE-ENERGISED BEFORE COMMENCING ANY CLEANING AND OR MAINTENANCE ACTIVITIES.
142961.2	Electrical	PLANT NEEDS TO BE REGULARLY INSPECTED AND MAINTAINED AS PER AUSTRALIAN STANDARD: IN-SERVICE SAFETY INSPECTION AND TESTING OF ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT, AND AUSTRALIAN STANDARD: WIRING RULES.
142961.3	Electrical	ALWAYS SWITCH OFF THE POWER AT THE SOURCE BEFORE UNPLUGGING THE PLANT. GRASP THE PLUG FIRMLY, NOT THE CORD / LEAD WHEN UNPLUGGING.
142961.4	Process Manual	OBTAIN AND READ MANUFACTURERS INSTRUCTIONS.
142961.5	Electrical	PLANT TO BE USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH EARTH LEAKAGE CIRCUIT BREAKER (SAFETY SWITCH) AND OVERLOAD PROTECTION.
142961.6	Electrical	TO PREVENT FIRE AND ELECTRICAL SHOCKS, DO NOT EXPOSE THE PLANT TO WET ENVIRONMENTS (INCLUDING: AREAS OF HIGH HUMIDITY, SPLASHES OF WATER AND DUSTY LOCATIONS) AND DO NOT HANDLE PLUG OR THE PLANT WITH WET HANDS.
142961.7	Plant Operation	NO SERVICE/MAINTENANCE RECORDS AVAILABLE. REQUIRES REGULAR DOCUMENTED CONDITION INSPECTIONS (INCL SAFETY RELATED CONTROLS).
142961.9	SKILL	EQUIPMENT TO BE USED AND ACCESSED BY COMPETENT/SKILLED PERSONNEL ONLY.
142961.10	PPE	ASSESS IF PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT (PPE) IS REQUIRED - IDENTIFY TYPE AND PROVIDE INSTRUCTION/INFORMATION REGARDING: USE, STORAGE, CARE AND MAINTENANCE OF PPE
142961.11	Guarding	ENSURE THE EQUIPMENT IS CORRECTLY GUARDED TO PROTECT THE USER, OBTAIN USERS MANUAL AND ASSESS EQUIPMENT PRIOR TO USE
142961.14	Manual Handling	Strains and sprains may result from incorrect handling of equipment during general use and maintenance. Ensure risk is assessed prior to use
142961.15	Electrical	Test and Tagging of electrical equipment prior to initial use will reduce risk of injury due to faulty or damaged equipment
142961.17	SLIP TRIP FALL	SLIP/TRIP FROM DUST, HOSES, OFF-CUTS, MATERIAL TROLLEYS ETC. IN THE VICINITY OF THE PLANT AND COLLISION BY MOBILE PLANT.
142961.18	ENTRAPMENT	NO LOOSE CLOTHING OR JEWELLERY TO BE WORN WHEN OPERATING THIS PLANT.

Hazard Register



Health and Safety Plant Safety Purchaser Information

This plant health and safety information has been prepared by Grays for the purchaser of the plant item as required by National WHS Legislation. Whilst every effort has been made to identify all of the hazards, it should be recognised that all reasonably practicable hazards have been identified given due consideration to:

- state of knowledge about the plant item
- the availability and suitability of ways to eliminate or control the hazards
- · the cost of evaluating, eliminating or controlling the hazard

Consequently, if this plant item is being purchased for use at a place of work, the purchaser is reminded of their obligations to involve and consult with employees in identifying foreseeable hazards, assess their risks and to take action to eliminate or control the risks.

In order to assess the risk, it is necessary to consider for all the identified hazards, the chance (likelihood) of something happening that would impact (consequence) on health and safety at the workplace. The following guidelines are provided to assist the purchaser in consistently carrying out an assessment of risk:

Likelihood

- Frequency and duration of exposure
- Probability of occurrence of hazard or event (including part history of incidents)
- Possibility to avoid / minimize or limit the damage, impact or harm
- Reliability and effectiveness of existing / established systems of control

Consequences

- Assume "worst case" injury, but also competent follow-up medical and rehabilitation support
- Consider forces or energy levels, highest belt tensions, size of gears, pulleys or other entrapment points and therefore body parts likely to be injured
- Consider sharpness of entrapment points, surrounding parts likely to exacerbate injury, and any give in the entrapment point
- Consider, will entrapment continue until plant is stopped, or can an injured part travel through the entrapment area
- Are temperatures of plant, or chemicals, likely to further injure entrapped person

The outcome of the risk assessment will be a prioritised list of risk control strategies and actions consistent with the following ratings:

Low risk- may be considered acceptable, where the existing controls in place are seen to be effective, requiring periodic monitoring for effectiveness. Medium risk- considered to be unacceptable and requiring additional risk controls within medium to long term. High risk – considered to be unacceptable and requiring action within the short to medium term. Extreme risk – unacceptable, where immediate action required.

In all of these cases employees/operators must be made aware of the risk controls in place to protect them from the hazards.